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TABLES

OF

Ancient Literature and History,

B.C. 1500—A.D. 200.

By JOHN NICHOL, LL.D.,

Professor of English Language and Literature, University of Glasgow.

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TABLES OF
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T A B L E S
OF
A N C I E N T L I T E R A T U R E
A N D H I S T O R Y.

B.C. 1500—A.D. 200.

BY

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EXPLANATORY NOTE.

IN drawing up these Tables of Ancient History and Literature, an attempt has been made to give a synoptical view of the chronological relation of the fortunes and achievements of the nations in whose history and development students are mainly interested.

The following are the general features of the plan which has been adopted:—

1. The *arrangement of the Columns* varies in the different sheets, prominence in each being given to the leading nation and its literature.
2. The *scale* necessarily varies—centuries marking the spaces of the earlier; periods of twenty-five or twenty years, of the later ages.
3. *Events* are recorded as nearly as possible on the line of their date; during the fifth century B.C. one sometimes inevitably crowds another out of its exact place.
4. *Names of Statesmen* are followed by dates indicating their tenure of power; added dates in brackets sometimes mark the duration of life.
5. *Names of Authors* are followed by dates of birth and death; in remote periods more frequently by single dates of the time when they are believed to have flourished.
6. *Names of Hebrew Prophets* are underlined and followed by figures marking the limits of the periods during which they are supposed to have prophesied.

It ought to be explicitly stated that the majority of the dates—especially of authors—in Table I. are traditional, and adopted on the basis of current conjecture. No attempt has been made to adjudicate on the controversies which surround them. Dates of like uncertainty in subsequent Tables are followed by a mark of interrogation (?). The accounts of “Sardanapalus” are so conflicting that his name has been inserted with a query in two distinct Tables. In Tables III. and IV. it has been found advisable to introduce colours—(1) In the Art columns; (2) In the History columns—to make more clear the relations of the contending nationalities. On the following principle they indicate—(1) The professions of the representative artists; (2) The leading names, legal landmarks, and decisive victories of the most prominent peoples.

A. In the columns of Literature and Art:

PAINTERS,	RED.
SCULPTORS AND ARCHITECTS,	GREEN.
MUSICIANS,	BLUE.

B. In the columns of History :

GREEKS	{	ATHENIAN AND THEBAN,	BLUE.
		SPARTAN AND SICILIAN,	BLUE BARS.
ROMANS,	RED.	
PERSIANS,	RED BARS.	
MACEDONIANS AND SUCCESSORS OF ALEXANDER,	GREEN.	
PHENICIANS AND CARTHAGINIANS,	GREEN BARS.	

Mr. Nichol has gratefully to acknowledge kind advice and assistance more especially received from Professor Sellar of Edinburgh, and Professor Ward of Owen's College, Manchester.

NOTE.—In Table II., for "Philanthus," read "Phalanthus."

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TABLES OF ANCIENT LITERATURE AND HISTORY.

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NOTE.—The following dates have been assigned to important events on traditions previous to b. c. 1500.

- I. BIBLICAL. The Deluge, 2348 B. C. Birth of Abraham, 1996; of Isaac and Jacob, 1837. Joseph in Egypt, 1729-1635. Birth of Moses, 1571.
 II. ASSYRIA & EGYPT. Babel, Nimrod, Ashur, 2230. Nineveh, Ninus, Sennirams, 2180. Moses, 2000. Egyptian Thebes founded, 2280. 1145-88 in Egypt, 1820-1600.
 III. GREECE. Foundation of Sicily, 2088; of Argos (Inachus), 1856; of Athens (Cecrops), 1556; of Sparta (Leda), 1516. Deucalion, 1503.
 IV. PHENICIA, Foundation of Tyre and Sidon, 2750.

B. C.	Asia, Africa, &c.	Palestine.	Literature.	Greece.	B. C.
1800	Rameses III., Sesostris or Ammon, 19th Egyptian Dynasty. 1485	The Exodus, 1491		Foundation of Thebes (Calmus), 1493	1800
		Deaths of Moses, Aaron, and Miriam, 1452-51		Dardanus, 1480	
	Pharaohs powerful. 1500-900	JOSHUA divides Canaan, 1445		Darius in Argos, 1460	
1400	Egion, King of Moab.	First Judge in Israel (Othniel), 1402		Foundation of Ilium, 1425	1400
		Ehud, second Judge, 1394-354	The Velas,	Elesianan Mysteries, 1383	
		Wars with Amalekites, Jebusites, Moabites.	Book of Job, (Ewald.)	War of Erechthon and Ermolpus.	
		Ruth, 1320	Sanchuniathon.	Foundation of Mycenæ, 1344	
1800		Wars with Philistines, 1296-1256	Mythical Hymnology (Limes), 1280	Persæ, Cyclopes.	
		Barak and Deborah, 1296-1256	Early Minstrelsy (Orpheus), 1260	Polyps, 1283	1800
		Israel and Sisera, 1296		Calydonian Chase (Alcibiades),	
		Gideon, 1249-1209		Hercules.	
		Abimelech, 1209-1206		Mines in Crete, 1256	
1200	Proetus in Egypt.	Eli, High Priest, 1171-1165	Law of Religious Epic (Amicus), 1180	Argonautic Expedition, 1200-1240	
	Æneas in Italy.	War with Ammonites, 1161-1143		TRUSSIS IN ATHENS, 1234	
	Alba Longa founded, 1152	Shibboleth of Gilead.		Seven against Thebes, 1220-1210	
		JEREMIAH, 1143-1137		Agamemnon, Menelaus.	
		Wars with Philistines, 1140-1120		THE Trojan WAR, 1192-1183	1200
		SAMUEL, 1141-1112		Returns of the Chiefs, 1183-1170	
1100	Cheops (Gt. Pyramid), 1082	Eli, High Priest, 1171-1165	Law of Religious Epic (Amicus), 1180	Orestes in Argos, 1176	
	Mycerinus (Egypt).	Shibboleth of Gilead.		Lydians on the sea, 1169	
	Himn of Tyre, 1014	JEREMIAH, 1143-1137		Johann Migration, 1174	
	Queen of Sheba.	Wars with Philistines, 1140-1120		Thebesly settled, 1124	
		SAMUEL, 1141-1112		Dorian Migration, R. 1188 of	
		SAUL (1st King), 1095-1056		HERACLES, 1104	
		DAVID, 1056-1015		Melanthus in Athens, 1114	
		SOLOMON, 1015-975		Pedagogy on the sea, 1077	1100
		Building of Temple, 1012-1005		Aletes in Corinth, 1074	
1000	Sheshak (Egypt) invades Judea, 972	Revolt of Ten Tribes, 975	Proverbs of Solomon,	Colony from Chalkis to CUMI, 1050	
	Tartarus founded by Tyre.	JUDAH,	Song of Solomon.	COBRES in Athens, 1045	
	Bethshulim I. (Hannasov) allied with Ash.	ISRAEL,		IONIC MIGRATION, 1044	
	Hebatahal II.	FRONIMAN I., 975-954	HOMER, B. 962-927	Settlement of Telemachus.	
	.. besieges Samaria, 901-892	Yeshab, 954-953	Iliad and Odyssey,	War between Chalcis and Ecetria.	
	Jacabel of Sidon marries Ahab.	Basab, 953-951		Thracians on the sea, 992	
		Zauri, 950		Alexas in Thebesly.	
		Jehosaphat, 914-889		Rhodians on the sea, 913	
900	Foundation of CARTHAGE, 878	AMAH, 918-897		Perigians on the sea, 890	900
	Sardanapalus, 875?	JEJILU, 910-896		OLYMPIC GAMES, 884	
	Revolt of Arabes the Alec.	Ahaziah, 897-896		LYCURIUS in Sparta, 884	
	Hazad attacks Israel, 860	Alazab, 895-884		Settlement of Lacedæmon, 884-776	
	Bethshulim III., 840	Elstava, 896-886		Cyprus on the sea, 805	
	Syria tributary to Israel.	JEUU, 884-856		Phœnicians on the sea, 832	
		Jehoshaphat, 878-839		Foundation of Kleppion, 812	
		Amaziah, 839-810		Jolan colonies, 800	
800	Phœnicians on the sea, 787-751	ISRAELIAN, 810-758		Jonian colonies, 794	
	Isis invades Israel, 770	Interregnum,		Victory of COBRES, 776	800
	Lirusans in Campania, 700	Zechariah, 773		Argos beats a Confederacy, 774	
	Foundation of ROME, 753	Shiloh, 772		Paudoia and Metapollum founded, 774	
		Menahem, 772-761		Pheidon of Argos, 780-740	
		Pekahiah, 761-759		MILETUS powerful, Colonies, 750	
		Pekah, 759-739		Isacantal Alectryos at Athens, 753	750

II. B.C. 750 TO B.C. 500. FROM FOUNDATION OF ROME TO BEGINNING OF ROMAN REPUBLIC.
BY PERIODS OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

B.C.	Asia and Africa	Palestine	Literature and Art	Greece	Italy and Sicily	B.C.
750	Nabonassar (Babylon), . . . 747 Persians besiege Nineveh, . . . 747 Tughiah Tilicer destroys Syria, and carries 23 tribes captive, 740 Shalmaneser (Assyria) invades Israel, 728	Fekah and Recon of Syria besiege Jerusalem, . . . 742 Abaz, of Judah, 742-720 <i>Interregnum in Israel</i> Hoshen, of Israel, 730-724 HEZEKIAH, of Judah, . . . 726-698	Micah (J.), c. 750-710 ISAIAH, fl. 747-698	Rise of CORINTH, 745 First Messenian War, . . . 743-723 Chalcids founds Naosus, . . 735 Corinthian Colonies— Corcyra, 734 PHILOLAYS of Thebes, . . . 728	ROMULUS, 753-716 War with Sabines, 730 Union 747 Romulus and Acon, 1st Spolia Opina. SYRACUSE founded, 734 Leonium and Catania founded, 730	780
725	Sargon captures Israel, . . . 721 Cyges in Lydia, 716-679 Sennacherib invades Judah, 713 " destroyed, 710 Deloos in Media, 709-657	CAPTIVITY OF ISRAEL, . . . 721 MANASSEH, 698-643	NATHUM, fl. 720-698 Leches (Lesbos), 710 Archibolus (Paros), 708	Achaean found Sybaris, . . . 721 War between Sparta and Argos, 718 Achaean found Croton, . . . 710	NONA POMPILES, 716-673 Religious Laws. TARENTUM founded (Phliaribus), 708	725
700	Eurhaldon takes Babylon, 680 Eurhaldon colonizes Samaria, 677	Simonides (Amorgos), . . . 693-662 Tyrteus (Sparta), 685 Callinus, 678 Terpanker (Lesbos) crowned at Musical Contest, . . . 676	Simonides (Amorgos), . . . 693-662 Tyrteus (Sparta), 685 Callinus, 678 Terpanker (Lesbos) crowned at Musical Contest, . . . 676	Annual ARCHONS at Athens, 683 Second Messenian War, 685-668		700
675	Panmactichus (Egypt), 671-67 Colony of Naucratis 665 Pharaotic (Media), 656-635	Idolatry in Judah. War of Holofernes, 636? Judith ?	Alcman (Sparta), 670 Thalctas (Pythic songs), . . 670 Escheir and Eurgrammus, . 660 Temple of Zeus at Elis, . . . 660 BUDDHA ?	Rise of Megara, 670 Sea-fight, Corimb and Corcyra, 665 Byzantium founded, 657 Orthagoras in Sicily, 657 Cypellus at Corinth, 655 Iacchade expelled, 655	TULLUS HOSTILIUS, 673-640 Destruction of Alba, 665 Messana founded, 660 Zalonus in Locri, 660	675
650	CYRUS founded, 641 Cyzaxares, 634-595 Scythians in Asia, 634-627 Teijose in reign of Alyattes (Lydia), 625	Amon, 643-641 JOSIAH, 641-600 " repairs the Temple, 634 Hilkiah finds the book of the Law, 624	ZEPHANIAH, fl. 640-609 JEREMIAH, 628-586 THALES, 644-548 Mimnermus (Smyrna), 629	Voyages of Colchus and Corobius. Colony of Iantus to Cyrene, 641 Sirope founded, 640 FERANDER at Corimb, 645-585	ASCUS MARTIUS, 640-610 Oxia founded, 640	650
625	Pharaoh Necho circumnavigates Africa, 612 ? Pharaoh Necho invades Judah, 610	Passover. Ark restored, . . . 623 Jehozabaz, 610 JEHOIAKIM, 610-599 CAPTIVITY OF JUDAH, seventy years, 606-536	Era of Seven Sages— [Thales, Bias, Pittacus, Solon, Cleobolus, Ferandier, Chilon], Arion, 625-610 Stesichorus (Himera), 612 SAPPHO (Lesbos), 610 HARABAKKUS, fl. 612-598 Epimenides in Athens, 597 MEGICUS (Lesbos), 604 Anaximander, 612-547 Anaxarchus in Athens, 592 DANIEL, fl. 606-534 DRAKILL, 538-583 Suarion, fl. 578 Later Psalms.	DEAKO at Athens, 621 Cylon 620 PITTACUS at Mitylene, 611 Clesthene at Sicily, 600-560 Alcous exiled, 590 First Sacred War, 595-585 SOLON at Athens, 594 Cypselid dynasty ends, 581 Elys soldiers Pisa, 572	TARQUINIUS PRISCUS, 616-578 Mussilia founded, 600	625
600	Nebuchadnezzar sacks Tyre, 586 " takes Jerusalem, 600-598 Sardanapalus ? Fall of Nineveh, 606 or 597 ? Pharaoh Hophra (or Apries), 595-570 Astyages or Achaemenis, 595-560 Siege of Sillon.	Jehooniah, 599 ZEDBACH, 599-588 CAPTIVITY OF JUDAH, seventy years, 606-536	Epinemides in Athens, 597 MEGICUS (Lesbos), 604 Anaximander, 612-547 Anaxarchus in Athens, 592 DANIEL, fl. 606-534 DRAKILL, 538-583 Suarion, fl. 578 Later Psalms.	Alcous exiled, 590 First Sacred War, 595-585 SOLON at Athens, 594 Cypselid dynasty ends, 581 Elys soldiers Pisa, 572	SERVILIUS TULLIUS, 578-534 Comos. Conitia Centuriata at Rome.	600
675	Civil War in Egypt. Periphus of Hinnos, 570 ? Voyage of Himilco, 570 ? CYRUS King of Persia, 539-530 CRESTS in Lydia, 560-546 Amasis (Egypt), 570-526	Return of Jews, subject to Cyrus, 536 Zenabababel, Governor, . . . 536 Second Temple built, 535-515	EZEKIEL, fl. 595-536 The Hebraides, 570 Chersiphron, fl. 560 CONFUCIUS, ZOROASTER, ? Eson, fl. 560 Eugonon (Cyrene), 560 Achaemenis (Persia), 560 Pherecytes and Phocylides. Ananiamus, fl. 548	Peristratius at Athens, 560-527 Sile ejected to Greece.	Phalaris of Agrigentum, 570-534	675
550	Heldarzar or Lathmetus, Babylon taken, 536 Mago, Carthaginian Colonies. Cambyses (Achaemenis), . . . 529-523 Pammanius (Egypt), 525 Persian Conquest of Egypt, 525 DAKTES Hyaspares, 521-486 Periphus of Scylos. Carthage a Republic. Sea-fight with Phocera. Siege of Naosus by Anaxagoras, 504	Phrynidus, fl. 412 PARGMENEDES, fl. 595 HIERACULUS (Ephesus), 505 CORINNA (Tanagra), 500 Myris, 500	Therogus (Megara), 547 Nenophanes (Calydon), 538 Ioyus (Hillegam), 540 PYTHAGORAS, fl. 531 Thespis (Miletus), 535 HAGAR, fl. 520-518 ZESTARIAL, fl. 519-518	Pythagoras at Croton, 510 TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS, 534-509 Roman Kingdom extended over Latium. Wars of Syracuse and Ceta. Croton destroys Sybaris, 510 Persians at Rome, 509 Commercial Treaty with Carthage, 508 1st Volcanic Laws, 508	Pythagoras at Croton, 510 TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS, 534-509 Roman Kingdom extended over Latium. Wars of Syracuse and Ceta. Croton destroys Sybaris, 510 Persians at Rome, 509 Commercial Treaty with Carthage, 508 1st Volcanic Laws, 508	550
525						525
500						500

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BC.	Greece.	Sicily, Sicily, Africa.	Literature and Art.	Rome.
500	War between Athens and Sparta, 491 Herakl. from Darius, 491 Persian Fleet wrecked off Miles, 492 MILITARY at Athens, 493-499 BATTLE OF MARATHON, 490 ARISTIDES, fl. 489-483 and 479-467 THEMISTOCLES (514-447), fl. 480-471 Athenian Fleet built, 481; Walls, 478 LAVINIA, fl. 479-471 METSUBUM, SALAMIS, 480 PACHY and MIAULE, 479 LAKSANDY, fl. 479-471 Growth of AMPHIBIOUS EXPEDS., 478-443	Ionian Revolt, 501-493 Siege of Naxos, 501 Hoplites sent to the Coast, 496 Hoplites sent to the Coast, 494 Carthage in Sicily, 492 Carthage in Sicily, 492 Syracuse, 485-465 Egyptian Revolt, 480-481 Syracuse, 485-477 Egypt in Sicily, 480 Theron at Agrigento, 488-472 478-475 Pausanias at Byzantium, 477	ESCHYLUS, 534-489 Agadatas (Argos), 501 Hecataeus, 500 Ephorinus (Sicily), 490 SATAPRIBAS (Coss), 490 Hierocles (historical), 480 PINDAR, 480 Hegesias and Hegesias, 488-472 Leucippus—Atomic Theory, 478-475 Helianus (Mytilene), 496-441	CONSULAR Government at Rome, 500 Battle of Lake Regillus, 508-60 1st Secession to Mons Sacer, 498 TULLIUSES OF THE FIDELI, 494 SPORTS GAMES, 494-483 LATIN WAR, 493 Volturnus War (Caudinus), 489 Herculean League, 488 Agrarian Law of Censor, 486 Wars with Veii, 481-475 Expulsion of the Fabii, 477 Fabii destroyed at Cerebra, 475
475	Continuation of Themistocles, 471 Death of Pausanias, 471 Argives take Mycene, 468 Athens at Naxos, 466 Battle of Encomion, 469 Revolt of Thaso, 465-463 Revolt of the Helists, 464 Home taken, 463 Laws of Pericles and Ephialtes, 461 Long Walls built, 457-469 Athenian Victory at Marathon, 456 Tombola, sub. road Males, 455 Five Years' Truce, 450	Victories of Cimón, 470 NAVAL Victory of Igio over Tarentum, 471 Syracuse, 466-495 ARXARCHUS I. (Albasarus), 465-445 Story of EUTHYCRUS, 461-451 Themistocles in Persia, 465-447 Egyptian War with Persia, 460-455 Athens in Egypt, 460 VICTORY OF SALAMIS, 456-455 Eratr, Governor in Iuliana, 458-449	ANAXAGORAS, 500-428 Diogenes of Apollonia, fl. 468 ZENO of Elea, 464 SOPHOCLES, 495-406 Polygnotus (Stoa Poirelle), fl. 460 Lion of Chios, 451 Ictianus, 459 Acetianus (Physicus), 459 Pharmon, 459 Crates, Cratinus, Eupolis, 459 EUPOLIS, 459 DEMETRIUS (Athena), 450	1st PUBLIAN LAW, 471 Antium taken, 470 Suite of Atrius Claudius, 479 Terentian Bill, 465 Roman War (Criminatus), 458 Jethan Law, 454 Commissioners to Greece, 453 THE DECEMVIRATE, 451-449 THE TWELVE TABLES, 450
350	PERICLES, (509-429) Second Sacred War, 429-420 Athenian defeat at Gonitus, 448 Revolt of Euboea and Megara, 445 Decline of Athenian Empire, 445-404 War of Corinth and Corcyra, 435 Congress at Laconium, 433 Peloponnesian War, 431-405 Plague at Athens, 430-429 Peace of Antea, 429 Siege of Plataea, 429-427 Naval Victories of Themis, 429 Themistocles in Troia, 426 Sphacteria taken, 425	Albanian Victory at Sclamis in Cyprus, 449 Syracuse subdues Argentinum, 446 Pericles defeats Erimachus, 446 Athenian Colony to Thuri, 444 CARTHAGINIAN VOYAGES, 445-420 NIMRICHAM Governor in Iuliana, 440-439 The Samian War, 430-429 Corinthians in Sicily, 429 Revolt of Lesbos, 428 Fall of Mytilene, 426 41 Ships from Athens to Sicily, 426	THEMISTOCLES (historical), fl. 448-440 Polyeetus and Myron, fl. 440 HERODOTUS, 484-408 EURIPIDES, 480-406 MELISSUS (Samos), 444 LARIPOCTES (Asagagium), 444 Alcmanes, 440 METON (astronomer), 433 MILON of the Sophists, 433 PROBOLUS, 433 GORGAS, 430 MAGNUS (Judaic), 430 Euclythianus (Judaic), 432-393 Diogenes (Cynic), 426 Cicero, 425	APPIUS CLAUDIUS (Virginia), 440 2nd Secession to Mons Sacer, 448 Valerian and Horatius Laws, 448 3rd Secession to Mons Sacer, 445 Canadian Law, 445 CONSULAR TRIBUNES, 444 Famine at Rome, 443 Death of Spurius Maelius, 440 Comelius Cosus and Lars Tullius, 439 Cinna, 437 Destruction of Philone, 426
425	CORONIS, fl. 455-422 ACRATAEUS, fl. 428-413 and 411-404 Nicias takes Cythera and Thera, 424 Battle of Delium, 424 Plagades at Amphipolis, 422 Peace of Nicias, 421-415 Athenians at Argos, 416 Athenians at Mytilene, 416 Fleet destroyed at Syracuse, 415 The 400 at Athens, 413 Gallipolis defeated at Mycene, 413 Greece evacuated, 406 Battle of Tanagra, 405 LYSICLIDES enters Athens, 404 Crates and Thirty Tyrants, 401	DARIUS III, Nodius, 424-405 Athenians at Delos, 422 Macedonian and Sicilian Sicily, 415 ZENO, 415 SOCRATES, 408-399 LYSIAS, 459-380 ARISTOPHANES, 444-380 "The Clouds," 423 Alcibiades, 440-390 Agathon, 443 HIPPOCRATES, 460-337 Callimachus, 444-302 XENOPHON, 411 FERMILIAS, 411 MELAMPIDES, 405-359 The Ionian of Cynic the Younger, 401	Antiphon, 480-411 Philostratus, 471-402 Four QUASITORS at Rome, 421 SOCIATES, 408-399 LYSIAS, 459-380 ARISTOPHANES, 444-380 "The Clouds," 423 Alcibiades, 440-390 Agathon, 443 HIPPOCRATES, 460-337 Callimachus, 444-302 XENOPHON, 411 FERMILIAS, 411 MELAMPIDES, 405-359	Twenty Years' Truce with Veii, 450-411 Census taken by the Samnites, 423 Four QUASITORS at Rome, 421 Roman Wars, 419-409 Colonies—Juba, Laveti, Ferentinum, Avunt Victories over Volscians, 409-406 Peloponnesian Quosors, 409 Pay in Army, 406 Siege of Veii (Camillus), 405-396 Embassy to Delphi, 398 Battle of the ALLIA, 390 ROME BURNED by the Gauls (Urbem), 390 M. F. CAMILLUS Dictator, 390 ROME RENEWED, 389 Execution of M. Volturnus Recovery of Revolted Towns—Tusculum, Praeneste, Ardea, etc., 385-377 LUCIUS LAUS, 377-367
400	Democracy reconstituted (Thucydides), 403 Socrates condemned, 399 Coalition against Sparta, 395 Lysicles war, 395 Cornilian War, 394-392 2nd Battle of Equium, 391 Long Walls restored by CUNYUS, 391 Battle of Lechaeum, 383 Agathus in Acarnania, 381 OLYMPIAN WAR, 391 Lysicles war, 391 Victories of THEODORUS, 378-364 Athenians allied with Thebes, 378 EPAMINONDAS, 371-362	Embassy to Delphi, 398 Battle of the ALLIA, 390 ROME BURNED by the Gauls (Urbem), 390 M. F. CAMILLUS Dictator, 390 ROME RENEWED, 389 Execution of M. Volturnus Recovery of Revolted Towns—Tusculum, Praeneste, Ardea, etc., 385-377 LUCIUS LAUS, 377-367	Lucius of Megara, 400 Amphilochus, 426-371 Arctippos, 400-395 PLATO, 429-347 Isocrates, 430-338 Timonides, 400-385 Demosthenes, 446-357 Diogenes the Cynic, 420-350 Isocrates, 440-350 Democritus, 429-354 Nicomachus, 390-314 Sphaerostipus, fl. 319	Embassy to Delphi, 398 Battle of the ALLIA, 390 ROME BURNED by the Gauls (Urbem), 390 M. F. CAMILLUS Dictator, 390 ROME RENEWED, 389 Execution of M. Volturnus Recovery of Revolted Towns—Tusculum, Praeneste, Ardea, etc., 385-377 LUCIUS LAUS, 377-367
375	Battle of LEUTERA, 371 SIEGE OF MILETUS Agathus in Acroia, 370 Alexander of Phere in Thessaly, 370 Theban Invasions of Laconia, 369, 368, 362 Peloponnes in Thessaly, 368 The Year's Victory, 367 Battle of MAXTINE, 367 PHILIP II. of Macedon, 359-336 Social War, 357-355 Siege of Methone, 355	Philo in Sicily, 370 Embassy of Telephus to Persia, 367 DIOCLES II. of Syracuse, 368-343 Joshua slain by High Priest, 366 Philo's 2nd Visit to Sicily, 361 Spartanians, built Temple at Geritium, 360 Kingdom of CANTUS, 360-66 ARXARCHUS III., 490s, 359-358 Result of Artabanus, 354 Carthaginians in Italy, 379 Timonides in Sicily, 372	Achylus (Tarentum), 370 Ludovius (metemphitean), fl. 360 Philon, 402-347 "Ludi Saeculari" at Rome, 365 FRANCIPTES, 365 Pamphilus, 360 ARXARCHUS III., 490s, 359-358 Demosthenes, 385-322 Jenes Tarentus, fl. 360 ARISTOTLE, 384-322 Cleoneas, 350 Procles (Rhodes), 360-300 Lyongus (Athena), 349 Lysippus, 342 APOLLONIS (Coi), 350-308 PYRROUS, fl. 350 Hyperocles, 349 Pamphilus, 339 Demarchus, 339 Theopompus (historical), 378-305 Diphilus and Philonon, fl. 330 MESANDER, 342-291	Treaty with Carthage, 348 1st SAMNITE WAR, 343-341 Battle of Mt. Gaurus, 343 Mutiny at Laurium, 342 General Law, 342 LATIN WAR, 342 Battle of Mt. Vesuvius (Prevention of I. Pelion's Mica), 340 2nd PUBLIAN LAW, 339 1st Peloponnesian War, 337 Settlement of I. Pelion, 338-328 Servitude for debt abolished, 326
350	Philip of Macedonia in Thence, 348 2nd Sacred or Low RAN WAR, 339 Battle of CHERONIA, 338 ALEXANDER III., 336-323 Destruction of Thebes, 335 Macedonian Empire, 334-143 Battle of Crannon, 334 Isus, 333 ARBELE, 333 Eclipse of Demosthenes, 334 Death of Alexander, 323	Cleoneas, 350 Procles (Rhodes), 360-300 Lyongus (Athena), 349 Lysippus, 342 APOLLONIS (Coi), 350-308 PYRROUS, fl. 350 Hyperocles, 349 Pamphilus, 339 Demarchus, 339 Theopompus (historical), 378-305 Diphilus and Philonon, fl. 330 MESANDER, 342-291	Philo in Sicily, 370 Embassy of Telephus to Persia, 367 DIOCLES II. of Syracuse, 368-343 Joshua slain by High Priest, 366 Philo's 2nd Visit to Sicily, 361 Spartanians, built Temple at Geritium, 360 Kingdom of CANTUS, 360-66 ARXARCHUS III., 490s, 359-358 Result of Artabanus, 354 Carthaginians in Italy, 379 Timonides in Sicily, 372	Philo in Sicily, 370 Embassy of Telephus to Persia, 367 DIOCLES II. of Syracuse, 368-343 Joshua slain by High Priest, 366 Philo's 2nd Visit to Sicily, 361 Spartanians, built Temple at Geritium, 360 Kingdom of CANTUS, 360-66 ARXARCHUS III., 490s, 359-358 Result of Artabanus, 354 Carthaginians in Italy, 379 Timonides in Sicily, 372

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350	Philip of Macedonia in Thence, 348 2nd Sacred or Low RAN WAR, 339 Battle of CHERONIA, 338 ALEXANDER III., 336-323 Destruction of Thebes, 335 Macedonian Empire, 334-143 Battle of Crannon, 334 Isus, 333 ARBELE, 333 Eclipse of Demosthenes, 334 Death of Alexander, 323	Philo in Sicily, 370 Embassy of Telephus to Persia, 367 DIOCLES II. of Syracuse, 368-343 Joshua slain by High Priest, 366 Philo's 2nd Visit to Sicily, 361 Spartanians, built Temple at Geritium, 360 Kingdom of CANTUS, 360-66 ARXARCHUS III., 490s, 359-358 Result of Artabanus, 354 Carthaginians in Italy, 379 Timonides in Sicily, 372	Philo in Sicily, 370 Embassy of Telephus to Persia, 367 DIOCLES II. of Syracuse, 368-343 Joshua slain by High Priest, 366 Philo's 2nd Visit to Sicily, 361 Spartanians, built Temple at Geritium, 360 Kingdom of CANTUS, 360-66 ARXARCHUS III., 490s, 359-358 Result of Artabanus, 354 Carthaginians in Italy, 379 Timonides in Sicily, 372

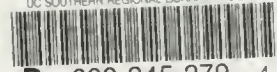
BY PERIODS OF THENTY-FIVE YEARS.

B.C.	Home and Carthage.	Literature and Art.	Greece.	Sicily, Asia, Egypt, &c.	B.C.											
326	2nd SAWASTE WAR. 356-304 Cannae Falls. 321 C. POSIDONIUS of Tarentum. 324-212 Battle of Laniade. 315 Roman Victory at Cinnia. 314 FIRST PUNIC WAR. 314-269 L. PAPIRIUS CORNES DESTATOR. 310 Q. FABIUS CROSSES, CHIEFMAN OF THE ALLIED TUSCANS AT VELITRUM. HANNIBAL at Carthage. 308 ARPUS CLAUDIUS CENSOR. 312-308 Romanum taken. 305 Ogolian Law. 300	EUCLID (Alexandria). fl. 325 MAYNEBOW, Egyptian Historian, fl. 320? Bythos (navigator)? Philopoles. Chares (Hellas). fl. 320 Euhucurus. fl. 320 Polonius, Cretes, Cnator. fl. 315 TRAIANUS (Traumontum). 312-257 Dionides, Roman hist. (Peparethus)? Hedias, Roman hist. (Peparethus)? AFRANIUS VAN AND. AGRICOLA. C. 312 Demetrius Phalereus. 345-283 Eratosthenes. fl. 300	Pericles Regent. 353-324 Aristotle in Macedonia. 323-318 Lysimachus in Thracia. 343-284 Cassander in Greece. 317-290 The Laniam War (Lebouches). 323-322 Death of Demochares. 342 Scaevola takes Athens. 347 Philip III. (Arrhidaeus) killed. 317 Olympus killed by Cassander. 316 Roxana and Son killed. 311 VALERIUS POLITICUS at Athens. 388-386 and 395-260 " at Rhodes. 293-291 Philip IV., of Macedon. 297-296 Demetrius Tolometes in Macedonia. 294-287 PYRRHUS of Epirus. 318-272 " resigns. 309-272 " in Macedonia. 287-286 " in Italy and Sicily. 281-275 Death of Demetrius Poliorcetes. 283 Gauls in Greece. 286, 279, 278 Brennus at Delphi. 278	Sicily, Asia, Egypt, &c. Ptolemy in Egypt. 322-285 Antiochus in Syria. 323-301 J. JANNUS (Capadocia). 323-315 Seleucus at Babylon. 321 and 312-286 Ptolemy in Egypt. 322-30 Ptolemy I (Soter) takes Jerusalem. 320 War of Antigonus and Lantines. 319-315 Antigonus at Syracuse. 317-289 " defeated at Himerus. 310 Naval War at Cyprus and Rhodes. 307-305 Battle of Ipsus. 301 Seleucus in Syria. 312-64 Sandracottus' Indian Empire. 312-160 Rhoetes powerful. 300-200 Kingdom of Pergamum. 283-133 Lysimachus defeated and slain by Seleucus at Compenon. 281 Ptolemy II. (Philadelphus). 285-247 Gauls settled in Galatia. 277 GREAT WALL OF CHINA? Extension of Alexandrian commerce Egyptian Embassy to Rome. 273 HIERO II. of Syracuse. 269-219 Rise of PARCHIA. The ABSARDI. 259 to A. D. 226 Kingdom of BACTRIA. 254-126	300 Seleucus in Syria. 312-64 Sandracottus' Indian Empire. 312-160 Rhoetes powerful. 300-200 Kingdom of Pergamum. 283-133 Lysimachus defeated and slain by Seleucus at Compenon. 281 Ptolemy II. (Philadelphus). 285-247 Gauls settled in Galatia. 277 GREAT WALL OF CHINA? Extension of Alexandrian commerce Egyptian Embassy to Rome. 273 HIERO II. of Syracuse. 269-219 Rise of PARCHIA. The ABSARDI. 259 to A. D. 226 Kingdom of BACTRIA. 254-126	278 Archimedes. Eratosthenes. Chrysippus. 1st Tragoelias at Rome. 240-235 C. S. SYRUS. Sosilus and Silarus. Q. Falcius Victor. fl. 220 Cincus, Mimentus. } Apollonia Rhodius. 238-188 PLAUTUS. 255-184 Greek Works of Art brought to Rome. 212 ENNIUS. Cicilius Statius. d. 168 Rise of PRÆNESTES and SOUTHERNS. Heteromus (Syrina)? Publius of Agrigentum. fl. 200	290 HANNIBAL. (247-183) Siege of Saguntum. 219 2nd PUNIC WAR. 219-202 Hannibal crosses the Alps. 218 Battle of TREBISINDA. 217 Battle of CANNÆ. 216 Revolt of Capua. 216-211 Fabius and Mancinus. Nola. 215 Scipio defeated by HANNIBAL. 211 Hannibal before Rome. 211 Battle of METARA. 208 P. CORNELIUS SCIPIO in Africa. 204 Syrinx and Massinissa. Hannibal leaves Italy. 203 Battle of ZAMA. 202	226 ANTIOCHUS the Great (Syria). 224-187 Ptolemy IV. (Epheliphanes). 222-205 Hesudral associated in Spain. 220 First Commercial War. Byzantium and Rhodes. 214 Siege of Syracuse. 214-212 Battle of Ambrones. 212 " Eubon. 208 Ptolemy V. 205-181 Antioch and Rhodius war with Philip. Antiochus conquers Palestine. 203	290 Battle of CYNUSUS LITHALL. 197 Flaminius invades Thessaly in Greece at the Isthmian Games. 196 Philip-opment defeats Nabos of Sparta. 192 Sparta joins Achaean League. 192 Antiochus in Greece. 192 Philip-opment abrogates Laws of Lyceum. 188 LYCORTAS General of Achaean League. 183 Embassy of Callicrates. 179 PARGURUS of Macedonia. 179-168 War of Perses and Rome. 171-168 Battle of PYNNA. Althemans attack Oropus. " fined by Rome. Andraeus in Macedonia. Achaean War with Rome. 147-146 Judas defeated at Leuceopetra. 149 DIOFANTHOS. 149. (LANS II) (Alumini). 146 Greece constituted a Roman Province (Achana). 146	178 Emenes. II. comes to Rome. 172 2nd Macedonian War. 171 to 168 1000 Achæans in prison at Rome. L. FAMILIUS PABULUS. 167-151 Romans intervene in Egypt. 164 Embassy of Carneades, Diogenes, and Crates. 155 War in Sparta. 153-152 War with Andriechus. 148 3rd PUNIC WAR. 146-146 MARCUS WARR. 147-146 " (Lucius Scipio). fl. 146 DESTRUCTION OF CARTHAGE. 146	900 Prusias of Bithynia. 260-180 Emenes II., Pergamum. 197-158 Dynasty of Han in China. Battle of MACEBADA. 190 Hannibal at Court of Persus. 183 Ptolemy VI. 181-146 Pharmaces of Pontus ceases Paphlagonia to Rome. 179 Antiochus Epiphanes. 176-165	980 Dynasty of Tan in China. 230-206 Ptolemy III. (Uerges). 227-222 Antiochus the Great (Syria). 224-187 Ptolemy IV. (Epheliphanes). 222-205 Hesudral associated in Spain. 220 First Commercial War. Byzantium and Rhodes. 214 Siege of Syracuse. 214-212 Battle of Ambrones. 212 " Eubon. 208 Ptolemy V. 205-181 Antioch and Rhodius war with Philip. Antiochus conquers Palestine. 203	900 Prusias of Bithynia. 260-180 Emenes II., Pergamum. 197-158 Dynasty of Han in China. Battle of MACEBADA. 190 Hannibal at Court of Persus. 183 Ptolemy VI. 181-146 Pharmaces of Pontus ceases Paphlagonia to Rome. 179 Antiochus Epiphanes. 176-165	980 Dynasty of Tan in China. 230-206 Ptolemy III. (Uerges). 227-222 Antiochus the Great (Syria). 224-187 Ptolemy IV. (Epheliphanes). 222-205 Hesudral associated in Spain. 220 First Commercial War. Byzantium and Rhodes. 214 Siege of Syracuse. 214-212 Battle of Ambrones. 212 " Eubon. 208 Ptolemy V. 205-181 Antioch and Rhodius war with Philip. Antiochus conquers Palestine. 203	900 Prusias of Bithynia. 260-180 Emenes II., Pergamum. 197-158 Dynasty of Han in China. Battle of MACEBADA. 190 Hannibal at Court of Persus. 183 Ptolemy VI. 181-146 Pharmaces of Pontus ceases Paphlagonia to Rome. 179 Antiochus Epiphanes. 176-165	980 Dynasty of Tan in China. 230-206 Ptolemy III. (Uerges). 227-222 Antiochus the Great (Syria). 224-187 Ptolemy IV. (Epheliphanes). 222-205 Hesudral associated in Spain. 220 First Commercial War. Byzantium and Rhodes. 214 Siege of Syracuse. 214-212 Battle of Ambrones. 212 " Eubon. 208 Ptolemy V. 205-181 Antioch and Rhodius war with Philip. Antiochus conquers Palestine. 203

V. B.C. 146 TO B.C. O. FROM DESTRUCTION OF CARTHAGE TO CHRISTIAN ERA.
BY PERIODS OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

B.C.	Event.	Latin Literature.	Other Nations.	Other Literature and Art.	B.C.
150	Lusitanian War, 150-138 Death of Viriathus, 140 Scipio Africanus (Minor) Censor, 142 Numantine War, 143-133 Scipio takes and destroys Numantia, 133 TIBULLUS GRACCHUS , . . . (164-133) Servile War in Sicily, 134-132 SEMPRONIAN LAWS , 133-123 GAIUS GRACCHUS , . . . (154-121) Fulvius Flaccus and L. Drusus popular leaders. Death of C. Gracchus, 121 Q. Metellus leader of Senate. Sumpthuary Laws. Cimbrian War, 113-101 Jugurthine War, 111-106 JUGURTHA captured, 106 2nd Servile War, 102-101 Marius conquers Teutones, Aquae Sextae, 102 Marius conquers Cimbri, Verulamii, 101 C. MARIUS (157-86), 6th Consulship, 100	C. Laelius (phil.), 156. A. Postumius Albinus (hist.), fl. 150 F. Sempronius Asellio (hist.), fl. 130 Attius (dramatist), 170-76 The Gracchi (orators). L. Cellius Anipater (jurist), fl. 125 M. Aemilius Scipio (orator), 163-90 LUCIUS , 148-163 Antonius (orator), 143-70 Cassius (orator), 148-91 FIRST NORTHERN MIGRATIONS. Pharissae and Sadducees political factions, civil contests in Judaea. MITHRIDATES (Pontus), . . . 120-63 " conquests on Black Sea, 112-110 " takes Galatia, 102 P. Rutilius Rutilus (historian), fl. 100 Q. Claudius Quadrifarius (hist.), 100 Artemidorus (Ephesian), . . . fl. 100 C. Licinius Macer (historian), . . . 80 Valerius Antias (historian), fl. 80-70 L. Cornelius Sisenna (hist.), 118-67 Q. ROCCUS (actor), d. 62 M. TERENTIUS VARRO, . . . 116-28 Horatius (orator), 111-50 LIUCRETIVS , 99-55	Polysius legislator for the Achaean Cities, 145 Demetrius Nicator (Syria), 145-144 PANMETHUS , d. 111 Glycon (sculptor). Macedon formally absorbed by Rome. Hyrcanus governs Judaea, . . . 136-106 " in Parthia, 131 Demetrius Nicator restored, 130-126 Attalus III. leaves Pergamum to Rome, 130 Hyrcanus subduces Idumaea and Samaria, and destroys Tem- ple at Gerizim, 129 Roman Province in TRANSALPINE GAUL . " Colony sent to Carthage, 123 Parthians subdue Bactria, . . . 120 Plotius Lathyrus and Alexander, 117-51 FIRST NORTHERN MIGRATIONS. Pharissae and Sadducees political factions, civil contests in Judaea. MITHRIDATES (Pontus), . . . 120-63 " conquests on Black Sea, 112-110 " takes Galatia, 102 Ptolemy Apion leaves CYRENE to Rome, 96 Sulla on the Euphrates, 92 Revolt and Siege of Egyptian Thebes, 86 Sulla, in course of 1st Mithri- datic War, takes Athens, 86 TIGRANES (Armenia), 98-66 " at War with Rome, 85-66 Pompey in Africa, 81	Antipater of Tarsus (Stoic). PANMETHUS, d. 111 Glycon (sculptor). Diossias of Cumae (philosopher). RISE OF THE ESENAE . Archias (poet), fl. 102 Heraeides (fabulist), fl. 102 Anipater of Sidon (epigrammatist). Asclepiades (physician). Library of Apollonion to Rome. Dionysius Thrax (grammarian), fl. 80 Diotimus the Stoic, fl. 80 Cicero at Athens, 79	150
125	L. App. Saturninus Tribune, 106-88 Glaucia Pretor, 100 Laws of Drusus, His death, 91 SOCIAL or MARSEIC WAR , 90-88 L. CORNELIUS SULLA, . . . (138-78) " expels Marius, 88 First Civil War, 88-86 First Mithridatic War, 88-84 CINNA at Rome, 87-84 Return of Marius, 87, his death, 86 " Sulla, 83 Second Civil War, Battle of Colline Gate, 82 Second Mithridatic War, 83-81 Sulla Dictator. Proscriptions, 81-79 CORNELIAN LAWS . War with SEPTORIVS, 78-72	ATTICVS, 102-32 Labeatus (mimes), 107-43 CICERO , 106-43 " against Verres, 70 LUCULLVS founds Library at Rome, 63 Metellus (orator) Consul, 60 CATULLVS , 87 (or 84)-54 P. Ter. Varro (poet), h. 82 Gaius (poet), 82-47 CAESAR , 100-44 SALLUST, 86-34 Vitruvius (architect), 80-11	Nicomedes III. leaves BITHYNIA to Rome, 75 Victories of Lucullus in Asia, 74-66 Seythians expelled from India. Mithras II. and Aristobolus at War. Mithras dies in Palestine (Antiquary), 69 Antiochus Asiaticus dethroned by Pompey, 65 Pompey subdues PHOENICIA and takes Jerusalem, 63 JUDAEA a Roman Province, 53 CYPRUS a Roman Province, 57 End of the Seleucidae, 57 CONQUEST OF GAUL .— Helvetii & Arvernus defeated, 58 The Belgae and Nervii, 57 " the Gauls, 54 Caesar crosses the Rhine, 55-52 VERGIL writes <i>AENEID</i> & <i>Alesia</i> taken 52 GAUL a Roman Province, 50	Antipater of Tarsus (Stoic). PANMETHUS, d. 111 Glycon (sculptor). Diossias of Cumae (philosopher). RISE OF THE ESENAE . Archias (poet), fl. 102 Heraeides (fabulist), fl. 102 Anipater of Sidon (epigrammatist). Asclepiades (physician). Library of Apollonion to Rome. Dionysius Thrax (grammarian), fl. 80 Diotimus the Stoic, fl. 80 Cicero at Athens, 79	100
75	POMPEY , (106-48) War with Spartacus, 73-71 Third Mithridatic War, 74-63 1st Consulship of Pompey and Cassius, 70 Pompey defeats the Pirates, 67 Catinæ's Conspiracy, 65-63 CRESCO Consul, 63 M. PORCIVS CATO, (95-46) Pompey's Great Triumph, 60 Caesar in Spain, 60 Condition of Pompey, Caesar, Cassius, (74-49), 60 1st Consulship of Caesar, 55-51 Caesar in Gaul, 55-54 " in Britain, 55 " Consulship of Pompey and Caesar, 55 C. JULIVS CAESAR (100-44) MARIUS ANTONIVS , (83-39)	ATTICVS, 102-32 Labeatus (mimes), 107-43 CICERO , 106-43 " against Verres, 70 LUCULLVS founds Library at Rome, 63 Metellus (orator) Consul, 60 CATULLVS , 87 (or 84)-54 P. Ter. Varro (poet), h. 82 Gaius (poet), 82-47 CAESAR , 100-44 SALLUST, 86-34 Vitruvius (architect), 80-11	Nicomedes III. leaves BITHYNIA to Rome, 75 Victories of Lucullus in Asia, 74-66 Seythians expelled from India. Mithras II. and Aristobolus at War. Mithras dies in Palestine (Antiquary), 69 Antiochus Asiaticus dethroned by Pompey, 65 Pompey subdues PHOENICIA and takes Jerusalem, 63 JUDAEA a Roman Province, 53 CYPRUS a Roman Province, 57 End of the Seleucidae, 57 CONQUEST OF GAUL .— Helvetii & Arvernus defeated, 58 The Belgae and Nervii, 57 " the Gauls, 54 Caesar crosses the Rhine, 55-52 VERGIL writes <i>AENEID</i> & <i>Alesia</i> taken 52 GAUL a Roman Province, 50	Antipater of Tarsus (Stoic). PANMETHUS, d. 111 Glycon (sculptor). Diossias of Cumae (philosopher). RISE OF THE ESENAE . Archias (poet), fl. 102 Heraeides (fabulist), fl. 102 Anipater of Sidon (epigrammatist). Asclepiades (physician). Library of Apollonion to Rome. Dionysius Thrax (grammarian), fl. 80 Diotimus the Stoic, fl. 80 Cicero at Athens, 79	75
50	Civil War, 49-48 Battle of PHARSALIA, 48 " Thapsus, 49 " Munda, 45 Assassination of Caesar, 44 SECOND TRIVIRATE—Lepidus, Antony, Octavianus, 43 War with Brutus and Cassius, 42 Battle of PHILIPPI, 41-40 Lepidus expelled from Triumvirate, 36 War of Octavianus and Antony, 33-31 Battle of ACTIVM, 31 Gateway of Janus closed, 29-25 OCTAVIANVS (AUGVSTVS) (63-A.H.) " Emperor, 27-A.D. 14	ATTICVS, 102-32 Labeatus (mimes), 107-43 CICERO , 106-43 " against Verres, 70 LUCULLVS founds Library at Rome, 63 Metellus (orator) Consul, 60 CATULLVS , 87 (or 84)-54 P. Ter. Varro (poet), h. 82 Gaius (poet), 82-47 CAESAR , 100-44 SALLUST, 86-34 Vitruvius (architect), 80-11	Nicomedes III. leaves BITHYNIA to Rome, 75 Victories of Lucullus in Asia, 74-66 Seythians expelled from India. Mithras II. and Aristobolus at War. Mithras dies in Palestine (Antiquary), 69 Antiochus Asiaticus dethroned by Pompey, 65 Pompey subdues PHOENICIA and takes Jerusalem, 63 JUDAEA a Roman Province, 53 CYPRUS a Roman Province, 57 End of the Seleucidae, 57 CONQUEST OF GAUL .— Helvetii & Arvernus defeated, 58 The Belgae and Nervii, 57 " the Gauls, 54 Caesar crosses the Rhine, 55-52 VERGIL writes <i>AENEID</i> & <i>Alesia</i> taken 52 GAUL a Roman Province, 50	Antipater of Tarsus (Stoic). PANMETHUS, d. 111 Glycon (sculptor). Diossias of Cumae (philosopher). RISE OF THE ESENAE . Archias (poet), fl. 102 Heraeides (fabulist), fl. 102 Anipater of Sidon (epigrammatist). Asclepiades (physician). Library of Apollonion to Rome. Dionysius Thrax (grammarian), fl. 80 Diotimus the Stoic, fl. 80 Cicero at Athens, 79	50
25	Canabrian Wars, 25-19, 13 Augustus invaded with Tribunician potestas, 23 Death of Marcellus, 23 Embassy from India, 20 Parthians restore stannuak, 20 German War, Roman defeat under Lollius, 16 Tiberius and Drusus defeat the Rhæti and Vindelici, 15 Deaths of Agrippa and Lepidus, 12 Augustus Pontifex Maximus, 12 Drusus in Germany, 12-9 Death of Drusus, 9 Tiberius defeats Germans, 8-6	ATTICVS, 102-32 Labeatus (mimes), 107-43 CICERO , 106-43 " against Verres, 70 LUCULLVS founds Library at Rome, 63 Metellus (orator) Consul, 60 CATULLVS , 87 (or 84)-54 P. Ter. Varro (poet), h. 82 Gaius (poet), 82-47 CAESAR , 100-44 SALLUST, 86-34 Vitruvius (architect), 80-11	Nicomedes III. leaves BITHYNIA to Rome, 75 Victories of Lucullus in Asia, 74-66 Seythians expelled from India. Mithras II. and Aristobolus at War. Mithras dies in Palestine (Antiquary), 69 Antiochus Asiaticus dethroned by Pompey, 65 Pompey subdues PHOENICIA and takes Jerusalem, 63 JUDAEA a Roman Province, 53 CYPRUS a Roman Province, 57 End of the Seleucidae, 57 CONQUEST OF GAUL .— Helvetii & Arvernus defeated, 58 The Belgae and Nervii, 57 " the Gauls, 54 Caesar crosses the Rhine, 55-52 VERGIL writes <i>AENEID</i> & <i>Alesia</i> taken 52 GAUL a Roman Province, 50	Antipater of Tarsus (Stoic). PANMETHUS, d. 111 Glycon (sculptor). Diossias of Cumae (philosopher). RISE OF THE ESENAE . Archias (poet), fl. 102 Heraeides (fabulist), fl. 102 Anipater of Sidon (epigrammatist). Asclepiades (physician). Library of Apollonion to Rome. Dionysius Thrax (grammarian), fl. 80 Diotimus the Stoic, fl. 80 Cicero at Athens, 79	25
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